March 15, 2023

MEMORANDUM FOR: Marcus R. Patton, Agency Co-Representative, 6AC

Anju V. Mathew, Agency Co-Representative, 6AC

FROM: Stephan Caldwell, Legal Rights Attorney & Union Representative

AFGE National Council of HUD Locals No. 222

SUBJECT: 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4) Request for Information #5 for Unfair Labor

Practices (ULPs) and Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) Violations Grievance of the Parties and Arbitration Concerning

Preemptive Exclusion for Remote Work Eligibility

The American Federation of Government Employees (AFGE) National Council of HUD Locals No. 222 (referred to herein as "AFGE Council 222," "the Union," or "the Council") is submitting this information request to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (referred to herein as "HUD," "the Department," "Management," or "the Agency") pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4).

On June 8, 2022, AFGE Council 222 filed an Unfair Labor Practices (ULPs) and collective bargaining agreement (CBA) violations Grievance of the Parties (GOP) concerning the Department's preemptive exclusions of broad groups of AFGE bargaining unit employees who constitute the vast majority of the bargaining unit as ineligible for remote work. In the June 8, 2022, GOP, the Union argued that Management did not give appropriate consideration to the employees' duties, assignments, and functions and did not address how those determinations would specifically affect the Department's business needs in violation and repudiation of multiple provisions of National Supplement 33 related to the Department's implementation of Flexiplace Policy, especially the provisions regarding eligibility criteria and the basis of denial for remote work. The Union also alleged in the GOP that the Department violated the Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute (the Statute), National Supplement 34, other HUD-AFGE collective bargaining agreement (Agreement) provisions, the Telework Enhancement Act of 2010, and reserved the right to grieve and raise any other violation, misinterpretation, or misapplication of any applicable provision of the HUD-AFGE collective bargaining agreement, law, rule or regulation on the subject matter being grieved. On July 27, 2022, AFGE Council 222 invoked arbitration due to the Agency's denial of the June 8, 2022, Grievance of Parties on remote work.

Standards for Provision of Information Requested under 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4)

In accordance with U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4)(B), the Agency is required to furnish to the Union data that is reasonably available and necessary for a full and proper discussion, understanding, and negotiation of subjects within the scope of collective bargaining. The duty to provide information to a union applies not only to information needed to negotiate an agreement, but also to data relevant to its administration and the full range of a union's representational responsibilities under the Statute including bargaining, contract administration, processing a grievance, representing an employee in proposed discipline, and determining whether to file a grievance or ULP. See Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Social Security Administration (SSA) and AFGE Local 3302, 36 FLRA 943 (1990); Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), National Air Traffic Controllers Association (NATC) et al., 55 FLRA 254, 259-60 (1999); and Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and National Weather Service Employees Organization, MEBA, 30 FLRA 127, 141 (1987).

The standard adopted by the U.S. Federal Labor Relations Authority (FLRA) requires a union requesting information under 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4) to establish a particularized need for the information by articulating with specificity why it needs the requested information including the uses to which the union will put the information, and the connection between those uses and the union's representational responsibilities under the Statute. See Internal Revenue Service, Washington, DC, and Internal Revenue Service, Kansas City Service Center, Kansas City, MO and NTEU and NTEU, Chapter 66, 50 FLRA 661 (1995) (IRS); VA and AFGE Local 3314, 28 FLRA 260, 265 (1987); and Dept. of Navy, Portsmouth Naval Shipyard and Portsmouth FEMTC, 4 FLRA 619, 624 (1980). In IRS at Note 13, the FLRA stated regarding a union's particularized need:

However, a request need not be so specific as, for example, to require a union to reveal its strategies or compromise the identity of potential grievants who wish anonymity. See, for example, NLRB v. FLRA, 952 F.2d at 530 ("Necessarily, the bargainers are not obliged to reveal their strategies[.]"); American Federation of Government Employees, AFL-CIO v. FLRA, 811 F.2d 769, 774 (2d Cir. 1987) (court acknowledged that protecting the identity of potential grievants is a justifiable union consideration). Moreover, the degree of specificity required of a union must take into account the fact that, in many cases, including the one now before us, a union will not be aware of the contents of a requested document. [emphasis added]

For a Section 7114(b)(4) information request, a union is not required in its particularized need to describe the exact nature of any alleged misapplication or violation of policy, procedure, law or regulation by the agency. *See Health Care Financing Administration and AFGE Local 1923*, 56 FLRA 156 (March 17, 2000).

"It is well established that under section 7114(b)(4) of the Statute the exclusive representative is entitled to information that is necessary to enable it to carry out effectively its representational responsibilities, including information which will assist it in the investigation, evaluation and

processing of a grievance." [emphasis added] *National Labor Relations Board and National Labor Relations Board Union Local 6*, 38 FLRA 506 (November 28, 1990). An exclusive representative is entitled to receive information that meets the criteria of 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4) in preparation for an arbitration hearing. *See Federal Aviation Administration, New England Region, Burlington, MA and National Association of Air Traffic Control Specialists*, 38 FLRA 1623 (1991); and *Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration and National Air Traffic Controllers Association Local 171*, 57 FLRA 604 (2001).

In accordance with FLRA case law, please be advised that an information request by a labor organization under 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4) to prepare for an arbitration hearing meets the routine-use exemption at 5 U.S.C. § 552a(b)(3) for judicial and administrative proceedings for the release of documents covered by the Privacy Act. See Department of the Air Force and NAGE, Local R7-23, 51 FLRA 675 (December 22, 1995); Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) and NFFE Council of BIA Locals, 52 FLRA 629 (November 26, 1996); and General Services Administration and AFGE, Local 2275, FLRA ALJ SF-CA-00804 (November 18, 2004). The Union needs the names of any individuals contained in the documents requested and disclosed in order to be able to identify potential witnesses for direct or cross examination and rebuttal at the upcoming arbitration hearing(s). Therefore, a less intrusive means is not available. However, the Agency may sanitize identifying information contained in the documentation other than names such as home street address, home phone number, and Social Security number.

Please be further advised that pursuant to U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM) regulations at 5 CFR § 293.311, a federal employee's name, title, grade, occupational series, annual salary rate, awards, bonuses, position description, job elements and performance standards, and duty station are publicly available information not subject to the Privacy Act.

Under 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4), HUD is required to furnish to the Union "data which is normally maintained by the Agency in the regular course of business" and "reasonably available." In *Department of Justice, U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), U.S. Border Patrol El Paso, Texas and AFGE National Border Patrol Council*, 40 FLRA 792, 804-05 (1991), the FLRA found that information was reasonably available even when the agency had to give the union 10,000 documents. The FLRA has ruled that an agency may be required to produce information that does not exist in the precise format requested, but which can be extracted from records within an agency's control. *See Department of Air Force, Sacramento Air Logistics Center, and AFGE, Local 1857*, 37 FLRA 987 (October 15, 1990).

Information Requested

- 1. The email, memorandum, or letter sent to each and every AFGE bargaining-unit employee who the Department determined that her/his position was only eligible for routine telework beginning approximately the week of May 16, 2022, and thereafter. Please do not sanitize the employee's name.
- 2. The remote work application for each and every AFGE bargaining-unit employee whose application was denied for remote work contained in HUD's Flexiplace Policy DocuSign

application system. <u>Please do not sanitize the employee's name, but you may sanitize other identifying information such as home street address, home phone number, birth date, and Social Security Number.</u>

3. The visitor logs from June 1, 2022, to the present for all walk-in customers from the general public and HUD stakeholders/constituents for every HUD Regional and Field Office, including the Washington, D.C. Field Office, in which AFGE is the exclusive representative.

Particularized Need

AFGE Council 222 needs the above-requested information to prepare for the upcoming arbitration hearing(s) scheduled for April 11-12, 2023, concerning the Union's June 8, 2022, ULPs and CBA violations Grievance of the Parties on the preemptive exclusions for remote work eligibility for the vast majority of the AFGE bargaining unit. The Union needs Information Requested item #1 to examine the basis for the Agency's determination of routine telework and to analyze the reason(s) given to each bargaining-unit employee for only being eligible for routine telework according to the eligibility and basis for denial criteria in Sections 14 and 34 of the Flexiplace Policy National Supplement 33 for remote work. AFGE Council 222 needs Information Requested item #2 to review the official reasons for denial for each bargaining-unit employee's remote work application provided by the Agency in the Flexiplace Policy DocuSign application system and to analyze the reason(s) given to each employee according to the eligibility and basis for denial criteria in Sections 14 and 34 of the Flexiplace Policy National Supplement 33 for remote work. Information Requested item #3 is needed for the Union to analyze the evidence regarding the volume and frequency of customer service needs of the general public and HUD stakeholders for in-person presence of AFGE bargaining-unit employees at HUD offices. AFGE Council 222 needs all of the information requested above to submit documentary evidence at the April 11-12, 2023, arbitration hearing dates and to meets its preponderance of evidence burden of proof for the Union's June 8, 2022, ULPs and CBA violations Grievance of the Parties that the Department in fact violated Sections 14 and 34 of the Flexiplace Policy National Supplement 33 for remote work for eligibility and basis for denial.

In accordance with FLRA case law, please be advised that an information request by a labor organization under 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4) to prepare for an arbitration hearing meets the routine-use exemption at 5 U.S.C. § 552a(b)(3) for judicial and administrative proceedings for the release of documents covered by the Privacy Act. See Department of the Air Force and NAGE, Local R7-23, 51 FLRA 675 (December 22, 1995); Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) and NFFE Council of BIA Locals, 52 FLRA 629 (November 26, 1996); and General Services Administration and AFGE, Local 2275, FLRA ALJ SF-CA-00804 (November 18, 2004). The Union needs the names of any individuals contained in the documents requested and disclosed in order to be able to identify potential witnesses for direct or cross examination and rebuttal at the upcoming arbitration hearing(s). Therefore, a less intrusive means is not available. However, the Agency may sanitize identifying information contained in the documentation other than names such as home street address, home phone number, date of birth, and Social Security number.

With respect to Information Requested items #1 through #3 and any possible allegation of insufficient requisite specificity, the FLRA has found that a union establishes a particularized need where the union states that it needs information: (1) to assess whether to file a grievance; (2) in connection with a pending grievance; (3) to determine how to support and pursue a grievance; or (4) to assess whether to arbitrate or settle a pending grievance; moreover, a union's citation to specific provisions of the collective bargaining agreement notify the agency that the information is necessary to enforce and administer the agreement. See U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Prisons, Federal Correctional Institution Ray Brook, Ray Brook, NY and American Federation of Government Employees (AFGE), Local 3882, 68 FLRA 492, 495-496 (2015); and Department of Veterans Affairs, Veterans Medical Center, Decatur, Georgia, and National Federation of Federal Employees (NFFE), Local 2102, 71 FLRA 428 (2019) (NFFE Local 2102). In the NFFE Local 2012 case [71 FLRA 428, 430 (2019)], the FLRA specifically ruled:

We reject the argument that a union has failed to articulate its need with requisite specificity, where, as here, the information request referenced a specific agency action and specified that the union needed the information to assess: (1) whether the agency violated established policies, and (2) whether to file a grievance, **even though the union did not explain exactly how the information would enable it to determine whether to file a grievance.** The Authority has emphasized that such information is necessary because arbitration can function properly only when the grievance procedures leading to it are able to sift out unmeritorious grievances. [emphasis added]

For a Section 7114(b)(4) information request, a union is not required in its particularized need to describe the exact nature of any alleged misapplication or violation of policy, procedure, law or regulation by the agency. See Health Care Financing Administration and AFGE Local 1923, 56 FLRA 156 (March 17, 2000).

An agency is not relieved of the duty to provide requested information merely because it is available to the union from another source. See National Federation of Federal Employees (NFFE), Local 1655 and U.S. Department of Defense, Department of Military Affairs, Springfield, Illinois, 39 FLRA 1087 (1991): "Nothing in the language of section 7114(b) of the Statute or its legislative history indicates that Congress intended a union's right to information under that provision to be dependent on whether the information is reasonably available from an alternative source. U.S. Department of the Navy, Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, Bremerton, Washington, 38 FLRA 3, 7 (1990). See also U.S. Department of the Navy, Portsmouth Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, 37 FLRA 515, 519 (1990) (Portsmouth Naval Shipyard); Farmers Home Administration Finance Office, St. Louis, Missouri, 23 FLRA 788, 796-97 (1986)."

Please be further advised that with respect to Information Requested items #1 through #3, the Federal Labor Relations Authority held in *National Labor Relations Board*, 38 FLRA 506, 523 (1990) (NLRB), *aff'd sub nom. NLRB v. FLRA*, 952 F.2d 523 (D.C. Cir. 1992), that § 7114(b)(4)(C) "does not exempt from disclosure **guidance**, **advice**, **or counsel to management officials concerning the conditions of employment** of a bargaining unit employee, for example:

the personnel[] policies and practices and other matters affecting the employee's working conditions that are not specifically related to the collective bargaining process." [emphasis added] The FLRA reiterated that position in *Department of the Army, Army Corps of Engineers, Portland District, Portland, Oregon and United Power Trades Union*, 60 FLRA 413, 416 (2004), again stating explicitly that "Section 7114(b)(4)(C) does not exempt from disclosure guidance, advice, or counsel to management officials concerning the conditions of employment of bargaining unit employees."

In sum, AFGE Council 222 needs all of the information requested above to meet its burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence for the June 8, 2022, Unfair Labor Practices and collective bargaining agreement violations Grievance of the Parties (GOP) concerning remote work at the upcoming arbitration hearings scheduled for April 11-12, 2023. This information requested will also be used to submit documentary evidence and identify and prepare witnesses for direct examination, cross-examination, and rebuttal for the arbitration hearing(s). Therefore, a less intrusive means is not available to collect this information because the Union needs to be able to identify potential witnesses' names. The Union needs the information to prove at the arbitration hearing dates that the Department indeed violated and repudiated National Supplement 33 and Article 6, Section 6.01 of the HUD-AFGE Agreement, and violated the Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute, National Supplement 34, all HUD-AFGE Agreement provisions cited, the Telework Enhancement Act of 2010, and any other violation, misinterpretation, or misapplication of any applicable provision of the HUD-AFGE collective bargaining agreement, law, rule or regulation as alleged in the Union's June 8, 2022, ULPs and CBA violations Grievance of the Parties on remote work.

Deadline to Furnish the Information Requested

Please provide the information requested above in 14 days (i.e., by March 29, 2023) so that the Union has sufficient time to evaluate the evidence, to prepare Union exhibits for the arbitration hearing based on the documentation furnished by the Agency, and to submit the evidence at the upcoming arbitration hearing dates of April 11-12, 2023. The Union notes that it is an Unfair Labor Practice in violation of 5 U.S.C. § 7116(a)(1), (5) and (8) not to timely furnish documentation in response to an information request under 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4), which the FLRA defines as timely to meet the Union's representational responsibilities. See Bureau of Prisons, Lewisburg Penitentiary and AFGE Local 148, 11 FLRA 639 (1983); Department of Defense Dependent Schools and North Germany Area Council, Overseas Education Association, 19 FLRA 790 (1985); and Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration and National Air Traffic Controllers Association Local 171, 57 FLRA 604 (2001). Please be advised that in Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration and National Air Traffic Controllers Association Local 171, 57 FLRA 604 (2001), the FLRA found that the agency committed an Unfair Labor Practice even though the union submitted the information request under 5 U.S.C. § 7114(b)(4) only five days prior to the arbitration hearing and the agency provided the information on the day of the arbitration hearing as it was untimely for the union to meet its representational responsibilities.

Please do not attempt to interpret any part of this request that you may not understand. If you have any questions concerning this request, or if you do not understand any part of this request, please contact me at (678) 216-6687 or by email at Stephan.Caldwell@afge.org.

I appreciate your cooperation in timely processing and furnishing the information requested. Thank you in advance.

cc: Salvatore T. Viola, AFGE Council 222 President Ricardo Miranda, AFGE Council 222 Chief Steward Jerry Gross, AFGE Council 222 Chief Steward AFGE Council 222 Executive Board AFGE Local Presidents at HUD